

# PythonTip 03 - Recursion - class version

February 14, 2025

## 1 Recursion

A recursive algorithm is an algorithm that calls itself. You need a base case so you don't get stuck in an infinite loop.

Example: suppose we want to calculate the quantity  $n! = n(n - 1)(n - 2) \cdots 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$ .

$$5! = 5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1 = 120$$

We'll use the fact that  $n! = n \cdot (n - 1)!$ .

```
[1]: # What's wrong with this function?
def factorial(n):
    return n * factorial(n-1)
```

```
[2]: factorial(3)
```

```
-----
RecursionError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[2], line 1
----> 1 factorial(3)

Cell In[1], line 3, in factorial(n)
      2 def factorial(n):
----> 3     return n * factorial(n-1)

Cell In[1], line 3, in factorial(n)
      2 def factorial(n):
----> 3     return n * factorial(n-1)

[... skipping similar frames: factorial at line 3 (2974 times)]

Cell In[1], line 3, in factorial(n)
      2 def factorial(n):
----> 3     return n * factorial(n-1)

RecursionError: maximum recursion depth exceeded
```

What calls are happening?

```
[ ]: # What's wrong with this function?  
def factorial(n):  
    return n * factorial(n-1)
```

```
factorial(3)  
-> 3 * factorial(2)  
-> 3 * 2 * factorial(1)  
-> 3 * 2 * 1 * factorial(0)  
-> 3 * 2 * 1 * 0 * factorial(-1)  
-> infinite recursion
```

```
[3]: # We need a base case!  
def factorial(n):  
    assert n >= 0 and isinstance(n, int), "invalid input into factorial"  
    if n == 1:  
        # factorial(1) = 1  
        return 1  
    return n * factorial(n-1)
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[4]: factorial(3.5)
```

```
-----  
AssertionError                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[4], line 1  
----> 1 factorial(3.5)  
  
Cell In[3], line 3, in factorial(n)  
      2 def factorial(n):  
----> 3     assert n >= 0 and isinstance(n, int), "invalid input into factorial"  
      4     if n == 1:  
      5         # factorial(1) = 1  
      6         return 1  
  
AssertionError: invalid input into factorial
```

```
[5]: factorial(5)
```

```
[5]: 120
```

```
factorial(5)  
5 * factorial(4)  
5 * (4 * factorial(3))  
5 * (4 * (3 * factorial(2)))
```

```
5 * (4 * (3 * (2 * factorial(1))))
5 * (4 * (3 * (2 * 1)))
```

```
[6]: factorial(-1)
```

```
-----  
AssertionError                                         Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[6], line 1  
----> 1 factorial(-1)  
  
Cell In[3], line 3, in factorial(n)  
    2 def factorial(n):  
----> 3     assert n >= 0 and isinstance(n, int), "invalid input into factorial"  
    4     if n == 1:  
    5         # factorial(1) = 1  
    6         return 1  
  
AssertionError: invalid input into factorial
```

```
[8]: factorial(0)
```

```
-----  
AssertionError                                         Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[8], line 1  
----> 1 factorial(0)  
  
Cell In[3], line 7, in factorial(n)  
    4 if n == 1:  
    5     # factorial(1) = 1  
    6     return 1  
----> 7 return n * factorial(n-1)  
  
Cell In[3], line 3, in factorial(n)  
    2 def factorial(n):  
----> 3     assert n >= 0 and isinstance(n, int), "invalid input into factorial"  
    4     if n == 1:  
    5         # factorial(1) = 1  
    6         return 1  
  
AssertionError: invalid input into factorial
```

```
[9]: # We need a base case!
def factorial(n):
    assert n >= 0 and isinstance(n, int), "invalid input into factorial"
    if n == 0:
```

```
# factorial(0) = 1
return 1
return n * factorial(n-1)
```

[10]: factorial(0)

[10]: 1

[ ]: